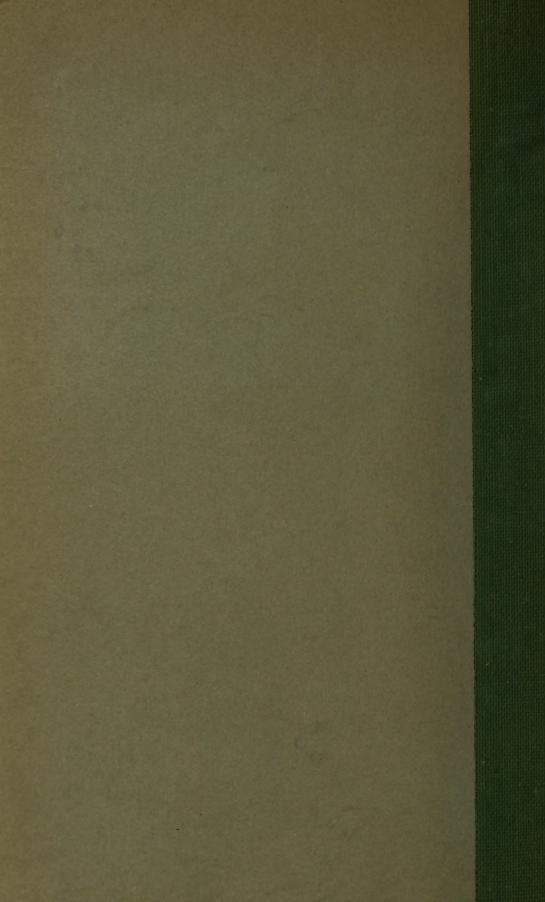
Emare Emare

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OLD AND MIDDLE ENGLISH TEXTS

EDITED BY

L. MORSBACH AND F. HOLTHAUSEN PROF. IN THE UNIVERSITY OF GÖTTINGEN PROF. IN THE UNIVERSITY OF KIEL

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EMARE

EDITED

BY .

A. B. GOUGH



LONDON SAMPSON LOW MARSTON & CO

NEW YORK G. E. STECHERT 1901

HEIDELBERG C. WINTER

OLD AND MIDDLE ENGLISH TEXTS

L. Morsbach and

F. Holthausen
Prof. in the university of Kiel.

The principal aim of this collection of Old and Middle English texts is the publication of trustworthy and critical editions, answering to modern scientific demands. The original dialect will be preserved wherever possible, although differences of transmission, and the special problems arising therefrom, render it impossible to adhere to any absolute rules. The critical apparatus is confined within the narrowest possible limits. It includes all significant variants, while scribal contractions and alterations in orthography and dialect will be indicated in the text by italics, and will also be tabulated for the sake of clearness in a special list. The introduction will contain a summary account of the transmission of the text, the plan of the edition, the dialect, sources, time and place of origin of the work, the existing editions, if any, as well as the bibliography of the subject. The notes will deal with textual questions only, and will elucidate the most difficult passages in regard both to form and matter. The glossary will explain the rarer words, especially such as are unnoticed by Stratmann and Bradley. Each volume will conclude with a complete index of names. The editions are intended primarily for use at the universities, and for private study. Accordingly, the com-Continuation page 3 of the cover.

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GRATEFULLY DEDICATED

TO

PROF. F. HOLTHAUSEN.

CHELTOTEGE ATTACK

01

MERCHANIOH N. TOR

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	t. Introduction (stanza 1). I. Emare, only child of	
	the emperor Artyus, loses her mother while yet an	
3117	infant, and is brought up by Abro (2-6). II. Tergaunte,	
	king of Sicily, visits Artyus, and presents him with a	
	rich embroidered cloth (7-15). III. After his depart-	
	ure, Artyus sends for Emare, becomes enamoured of	
	her, gives her a robe made of the wonderful cloth,	
	and obtains a dispensation from the pope to marry	
	her. On her refusal, she is exposed, wearing the robe,	
	in a boat (16-26). IV. After a week the boat is	
	driven to Galicia. Sir Kadore, steward of the king	
	of the land, finds Emare, who changes her name to	
	Egare. He brings her to his castle, where she works	
	with the needle (27-32). V. She waits in her rich	
1 24	robe at a banquet given by Kadore to the king of	
	Galicia, who falls in love with her, and marries her,	
	against the will of his mother (33-40). VI. Being	
	called by the king of France to fight the Saracens, he	
13	leaves his wife in the charge of the steward. She	
	bears a son, who is named Segramour. The king's	
	mother intercepts a letter announcing the birth to him,	
	and forges another to the effect that the queen has	
	borne a devilish monster (41-47). VII. Although	
	greatly distressed, the king orders his wife to be well	
	treated. His mother secures this letter also, and writes	
	a command in the king's name that the queen in her	
	rich robe, with her child, is to be set adrift in a boat.	
	The servants are horror-struck, but at Emare's desire	
	the command is carried out (48-56). VIII. After a	
	week they drift to Rome, where a merchant named	

Note Glos

Jurdan and his wife shelter them for seven years
(57-62). IX. The king of Galicia, returned from the
war, discovers his mother's treachery, and orders her
to be burnt, but is persuaded to exile her instead
(63-67). X. After mourning seven years, he takes
ship to Rome to do penance, and lodges at Jurdan's
house. By Emare's instruction Segramour waits at
table upon the king, whose heart is drawn towards
his unknown child. Assured now of her husband's
good will, Emare makes herself known to him (68-79).
XI. Artyus also comes to Rome to do penance, and
is met by the king of Galicia and his young son. The
emperor shows favour to Segramour, who, bidden by
his mother, asks him to come and speak with Emare.
The reconciliation is celebrated by a feast. Segramour
afterwards becomes emperor (80-86)
es
ssary
of Dunner and Commentical Name

+282+

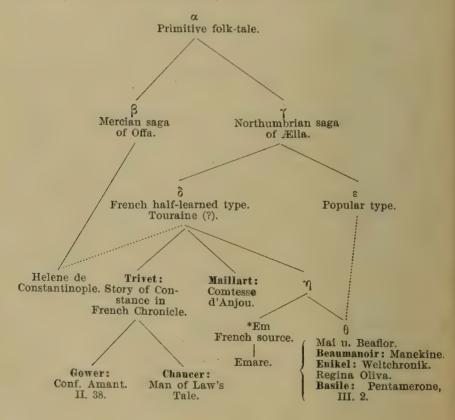
Preface.

- Manuscript. The only known MS, of the romance of Emare occupies ff. 71-76 (69-74 according to the old numbering) of the volume Caligula A II in the Cotton collection at the British Museum. The former and older of the two MSS, which are bound together in this volume is a miscellany of prose and verse, including nine metrical romances, besides Emare. It is written on paper in double columns, and is apparently all the work of one hand, with the exception of the last entries in a prose chronicle, which a later scribe has carried down to the reign of Richard III. Furnivall (Percy's Folio MS. II. p. 411) dates the MS. 1460, but Kaluza (Libeaus Desconus, Leipz. 1890, p. IX) assigns it to the 2nd quarter of the 15th century. He calls the scribe 'extremely careful' (Lib. Desc. p. XXXIII); but, if this is so, the scribe must have followed a somewhat corrupt text of Emare, as not only is the dialect impure, but the rhythm is frequently destroyed by interpolated words &c. The scribe often writes ht for th, \$\beta\$ for d, th for t, and w for ew.
- § 2. Edition. The only edition is that by Joseph Ritson in his Ancient Engleish Metrical Romanceës [sic], 3 vols. 8vo. London 1802. The text is in vol. II. pp. 204—247; original readings, vol. III. p. 222; notes, vol. III. pp. 323—333; glossary, vol. III. pp. 359—435; corrections, vol. III. p. 440; conjectural emendations, vol. III. p. 443.
- § 3. Bibliography. O. WILDA has examined the grammatical forms in his inaugural dissertation Über die örtliche Verbreitung der zwölfzeiligen Schweifreimstrophe in England, Breslau 1887, pp. 26-31. E. Kölbing has published a collation of the text in Englische Studien XV. p. 247 f., with which my own collation almost exactly agrees. The first part of my inaug. diss. On the Middle English Metrical Romance of Emare, Kiel 1900, deals chiefly with the grammatical and metrical aspects of the text. Short notices of the poem will be found in Warton, History of English Poetry, ed. 1840, III. p. 123, and A. Brandl, Mittenglische Litteratur, in Paul's Grundriß, 1st ed. 1893, II. 1. p. 670.
- § 4. Source. Emare is a form of the wide-spread Constance-saga, literary forms of which exist in most European languages. For the relation of *Emare* to the other versions cf.
 - H. Suchier, Über die Sage von Offa und Drydo, in Paul & Braune's Beiträge, IV. pp. 512-521.
 - H. Suchier, Œuvres poétiques de Philippe de Remi, sieur de Beaumanoir (soc. d. anc. textes fr., no. 18), Paris 1884, tome I. pp. XXIII—LXXX, CLIX f.

VIII Preface.

A. B. Gough, On the Constance Saga, in Brandl & Schmidt's Palaestra, Berlin 1901. [Not yet published.] The last is the second part of my dissertation. Following Suchier's suggestions, it deals with the connection of the saga with history, and the mutual relations of the several versions.

Emare follows a form of the saga which appears to have arisen in Northumbria, and to have attached itself to the traditions respecting Ella and Eadwine (γ). A French version of the story, of a half-learned character (δ), may have arisen in Touraine during the period of Anglo-Norman rule (1154—1203). This hypothetical French version, which connects the Northumbrian and Byzantine houses, appears to have been the source of many of the existing variants, including Emare. Of the immediate source of Emare nothing is known. It seems to be alluded to in v. 1032 under the title of 'Fe Egarye'. The analogy of other romances, and the fact that the names are French (note especially the form Segramowres in v. 876) point to the conclusion that Emare is a translation or paraphrase of a French romance. In the following table an attempt is made to indicate the connection of the poem with other closely related versions.



§ 5. Date, author and dialect. Following Brand. (Paul's Grundriß, 1893, II. 1. p. 670) we may assign the romance to the second half of the 14th century, but there seems to be no ground for any closer approximation to the date of composition. Like most of the romances composed in the tail-rime metre, Emare is of a thoroughly popular character. From allusions in the text to wandering minstrels, esp. vv. 13—17, the author would seem to have belonged to that class. The dialect is that of the N. E. Midland, mixed with occasional N. forms. It may therefore be supposed that the author's country was not far S. of the Humber, i. e. N. Lincs. or Notts., a district which seems to have been the original home of the romances of this type (cf. Wilda, p. 66). The language of Emare frequently resembles that of Torrent of Portyngale, and that of one of the earliest romances of the group, Amis and Amiloun.

§ 6. Manner of editing. The methods adopted by Prof. Holthausen in his edition of Havelok, the first number of this series, have been followed, and it has not been thought necessary to repeat his explanations, which will be found on pp. X, XI of that volume. The original dialect has evidently been corrupted, as in the case of Havelok, by one or more scribes, and accordingly the editor has attempted to restore the text. The authors of textual emendations are indicated by their initials, as follows, H: Holthausen, M: Morsbach, R: Ritson.

My sincere thanks are due to Prof. Holthausen, to whom I am greatly indebted for constant help and advice in the preparation of this edition; to Prof. Morsbach, who has very kindly read the proofs, and made some valuable suggestions; to Prof. Sarrazin, who aided me in my dissertation upon this text; to Dr. Jas. Murray of Oxford; and to the Rev. Prof. Skeat.

Kiel, March 1901.

A. B. Gough.

¹ Brandl however is inclined to think he was a clerk.

List of General Alterations of the MS. Spelling.

I. Vowels.

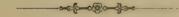
- 1. a for: a) e in hadde 723. spakke 546. Jan 780. thare 204. b) o in alane 693. anane 359, 777. bane 33. bygane 696. crapawtes 94. Kadore 751. knawe 320. lawe 323. mare 636. name 27, 923. nane 30, 36. sare 633. c) u in shall 922.
- 2. e for: a) a in cledde 525. merke 376, 504. wes 463. b) o in ze 922. — c) u in after 76, 845. bulles 239. carbunkell 127. chamber 230, 426, 528, 531. drery 808. fader 221, 906. kurtell 392. lytell 845. moder 576. mykell 987. nobell 268, 393, 433, 509, 806, 849, 877. popes 239. shyppes 823. sympell 632. takell 830. trommpes 389. weder 348. — d) y in after 191, 434, 890, 1025. bere \$\beta\$ 924. bowres 28. certes 647, 880. chawmber 368. doles 826. dowbell 504. dowster 159, 248, 952. elles 105. erpe 285. erpely 701. euer 732. fader 25, 172, 208, 949, 990. flowres 29. fydellyng 390. gentell 73, 391, 513, 635. Goddes 327, 675, 757, 779. halles 28. heddes 786. heuen 7. kurtell 848. knyztes 972. londes 756. lordes 485, 962, 994, 1002. lytell 591, menstrelles 132. moder 315, 434, 452, 902. mychel(1) 69, 131. mykell 20, 341, 747, 749, 829. ne 301, 320, 593, 610, 873. nobell 85, 172, 187, 989. rychely 88. shyppes 305. telleß 903. water 324. wesh 866.
 - 3. o for: a) a in pon 106. wowes 658. b) e in anamored 400, 997. fote 211. swote 212. c) u in sholde 252.
 - 4. u always for v without marking it.
 - 5. y for: a) e in Cysyle 80, 181. godely 503. kyssed 995. ryghtwys 17. thynketh 798. b) o in zynge 704. wyll 248, 821.

II. Consonants.

- 1. d for p in dowster 226, 422, 952, 1008. hynder 654. lyflode 803. syde 692. under (always).
- 2. f for u in lyfe 43.
- 3. ht for th (always).
- 4. th for ht in myrgth 20.
- 5. \$\beta\$ for \$d\$ in \$er\$\beta(e)\$ly 396, 701. \$\beta \in 450\$. \$\beta 0 533\$. \$worky 250, 366, 447. worbyly 83.

III. Inflexions.

- 1. 3rd sg. pres. indic. -ep for es in berep 924. dwellep 721. telleß 115, 903.
- 2. Present part. -end(e) for -yng(e) in glysterend 350. konnendest 427. rydende 750. walkende 692, 1017.





EMARE.

5

10

1. Jēsu, þat ys kyng in tröne, [Fol. 71]

As þōū shōōpe bōþe sonne and mōne,
And all shall dēle and dyghte,
Nōw lēne us grāce such dēdes tō dōne,
In þỹ blys þat wē may wone,
Men calle hyt heuen-lyghte;
And mōder Mārỹ, heuen-qwēne,
Bēre ōūr arunde sō bytwēne,
That sēmely ys of syght,
Tō þỹ sone þat ys sō frē,
In heuen wyth hym þat wē may bē,
That lōrd ys mōst of myght!

[I.]

2. Menstrelles pat walken fer and wyde Her and per in euery syde,

15 In mony a dyuerse londe, Sholde[n] at her bygynnyng Speke[n] of pat ryghtwys kyng That made both see and sonde.

Whō-sō wyll a stōānde dwelle,

Of mykell myrgth y may zōū telle,

And mornyng per a-monge,

Of a lādy fayr and fre,

Her nāme was called Emare,

As ī hēre synge in songe.

¹ Jhu. 3 all H.] all pat. 7 And H.] And by. 14 euery a. Gough, Emare.

25 **3.** Her fāder was an emperoūr Of castell and of ryche towre, Syr Artyus was hys nāme; Hē hadde bōþe halles and bowres, Frythes fayr, forestes wyth flowres, Sō grēt a lord was nāne.

Weddedde hē had a lādy,
That was both fayr and sēmely,
Whyte as whāles bāne;
Dāme Erayne hette þat emperes,
Sō [frē] lādy was nāne.

4. Syr Artyus was be best[e] manne In be worlde bat lyuede banne,
Bōth hardy and bērtō wyght.

Hē was curtays in all byng,
Bōthe tō olde and tō zynge,
And well kowth dēle and dyght.
Hē hadde but ōn chýld in hys lyfe
Begēten on hys weddedde wyfe,
And bat was fayr and bryght.
For sōbe as y may telle bē,
They called bat chýld Emarē,
That sēmely was of syght.

5. When he[r] had born her möder [frē]

Pe fayrest crēatūre was shē

That yn þe lónd was þōō.

The emperes, þat fayr lādye,

Frō her lörd[e] gan shē dye,

Ör hyt kowþe spēke or gōō.

The chýld þat was [sō] fayr and gent,

Tō a lādy was hyt sente

That men kalled Abrō.

³⁶ fre H.] curtays. 49 her...moder H.] she was of her m. born. 50 She was be fayrest creature borne.

Shē thawzht hyt curte[y]sye and thewe, Gólde and sylke for tō sewe Amónge maydenes mōō.

60

65

70

Nortūr þat men üsedenn in sale,
Whyle she was in her bowre.
She was curtays in all thynge
Both to olde and to gynge,
And whythe as lylye-flowre.
Of her hondes she was slye,
All he[r] loued þat her sye,
Wyth menske and mychel honoūr.
At þe maydene leue we,
And at þe lady fayr and fre,
And speke of þe emperoūr.

[II.] ·

7. The emperoūr of ğentell blode
Was a curteys lorde and gode

In all maner of thynge.

After when hys wyf was dede,

[He] ledde hys lyf yn wyddwe[h]ede,

And myche loued pla[y]ynge.

Sone [ber-]after yn a whyle

A ryche kynge [out] of Cysyle

To be emperour gann wende;

A ryche present wyth hym he browght: [71 b]

A cloth bat worpylye was wro[w]ght;

He wellcomed hym as be hende.

85 S. Syr Tergaunte, pat nöbell knyzt, Presented pe emperöur [a-]ryght —

⁵⁸ curteysye H. 72 speke H.] speke we. 74 and] & a. 77 And ledde || weddewede. 79 per H. 80 A H.] The. 83 was wordylye. 85 after knyzt stands hyzte, which appears to be erased. 86 He presented.

And sette hym on hys knē, —
Wyth pat clōth[e] rychely dyght,
Full of stōnes pēr hyt was pyght,

As thykke as hyt myght bē,
Of topāze and rūbyes
And ōper stōnes of myche prys,
That sēmely wēr tō sē,
Of crapawtes and nakette;

95 A[l]s[ō] thykke ar þey sette,
For sōthe, as ȳ say þē.

9. The cloth [hyt] was dysplayed sone:

The emperoūr lokede pēr upone

And myght[e] hyt not sē.

100 For glysteryng of be ryche ston,

Rēdy syght [ne] had hē none,

And sayde: 'How may bys bē?'

The emperoūr [ban] sayde on hygh:
'Sertes bys ys a fayry,

Or elles a vanytē.'

The kyng of Cysyle answered bon:
'Sō ryche a j[e]well ys bēr non

In all Crystyantē.'

11. In pat on korner made [per] was
[Dāme] Idoyne and Amadas,
Wyth loue pat was so trewe.
For pey louedenn hem wyth honour

125 Pourtrayed pey wer wyth trewe-loue-flour
Of stones bryght of hewe:
With carbunkell and safere,
Kassydoyns and onyx clere,
Sette in golde newe;
Deamondes and rūbyes,
And oper stones of mychell pryse,
And menstrelles wyth her gle[w].

12. In þat öþer corner was [y-]dyght
Tristram and Isöwde sö brygt,

135
That sëmely wer tö se.
And for þey loued hem [a-]ryght,
As full of stönes ar þey dyght,
As thykke as þey may be:
Of topäse and of rübyes

140
And öþer stönes of myche pryse
That semely wer tö se.
Wyth crapawtes and nakette
Thykke of stönes ar þey sette,
For söthe, as y say þe.

145 13. In þe thrydde korner wyth honöur

Was Flörys and dām Blawncheflöur,

As loue was hem be-twēne.

For þey loued [hem] wyth honöur,

Purtrayed þey wer wyth trewe-loue-flöur,

150 Wyth stönes bryght and shēne.

† Ther wer knyztes and senatowres,

Emerawdes of gret vertues,

To wyte wyth-outen wene;

¹²¹ per H. 124 lonedenn. 128 kassydonys || clere] so clere. 145 honour H.] gret h. 148 hem H.

Dēamoundes and koralle, Perydotes and crystall, 155 And gode garnettes by-twene.

14. In be fourthe korner was [ber] oon, Of Bābylone be sowdan sonne, The amerayles dowster hym by.

For hus sake be cloth was wrought, 160 She loued hym in hert and thought, As telleth bys störye. The fayr[e] mayden here by-forn Was portrayed an unykorn

[72]

Wyth hys hórn sõ hye; 165 Flowres and bryddes on ylke a syde, Wyth stones bat wer sowght [full] wyde, Stuffed wyth ymağerye.

15. When be cloth to ende was wrought, Tō be sowdan hyt was browgt, 170 That sēmely was of syzte. 'My fader was a nobell man, Of be sowdan he hyt wan Wyth maystrye and wyth myzht.

For grēt[e] loue he zaf hyt me; 175 I brynge hyt be in specyalte: This cloth ys rychely dyght.' Hē zaf hyt be emperour, Hē receyued hyt wyth honour,

And bonkede hym fayr and ryst. 180

III.

16. The kyng of Cysyle dwelled ber As lóng[e] as hys wyll[e] wer Wyth be emperour to play. And when he wolde [hom hym] wende

¹⁶² telleth H.] testymoyeth. 167 full H. 170 hyt] sone hyt. 179 honour H.] gret h. 183 for to. 184 hom hym H.

185 Hē tōke hys lēue at the hénde
And wente forth on hys way.
Now remēueth bys nobell kyng;
The emperour [hē] hadde longyng
Tō spēke wyth bat may.

190 Messenǧēres forth hē sent
After be mayde fayr and ǧent.

After pe mayde fayr and gent,
Was bryzt as someres day.

17. Messenǧēres dyzte hem in hḡe

Wyth myche myrthe and melodḡe;

Forth [ban] gon bey fāre

Bōth bḡ strētes and bḡ stḡe

After b[ylke] fayr lādḡ

Was gōdelḡ under gāre.

Her norysse bat hyzte Abrō

200 Wyth her shē gō[e]th forth alsō,

And wēr sette in a chāre.

Tō the emperoūr [ban] gan be[y] gō:

Hē cōme hem ʒeyn a mḡle or twō;

205 18. The mayden, whyte as lylye-flour,
Lyzte azeyen be emperour;
Two knyztes gan her lede.
Her fader bat was of renowne,
That of golde wered be crowne,
Lyzte of hys stede.
Then bey wer bothe on her fote,
He klypped her and kyssed her swote,
And bothe on fote bey zede.
They wer glad and made good chere,
In romans as we rede.

A fayr mētyng was thāre.

187 remeueth *H.*] remeneth. 188 he *H.*] after hys dowyter.
192 That was. 195 pan *H.* 197 pylke] pat. 202 pan *H.*203 hem zeyn *H.*] a zeyn hem. 206 pe *H.*] her fadyr pe.
208 of gret.

19. Then be lordes, but wer grete,

They wesh and seten do[u]n to mete,

And folk hem served swy be.

220

The mayden but was of semblant swete
Before her owene fader sete,

The fayrest wommon on lyfe,

That all hys hert on [her was] browght,

Her to love was all hys bowyht;

225

He by-helde her ofte-sybe.

He was anamored hys dowyter tyll:

Wyth her he bowyht to worche hys wyll,

And wedde her to hys wyfe.

20. And when be mēte-whyle was done,
230 In-tō hys chāmber hē wente sōne,
And called hys coūnseyle nēre.
Hē bad bey shulde sōne gō and come
And gēte lēue of be pōpe of Rōme
Tō wedde bat mayden clēre.
235 Messenǧēres forth bey wente,
They durste not brēke hys commandement,
And érles wyth hem yn-fēre.
They wente tō be coūrte of Rōme,
And browzte be pōpes bulles sōne
240 Tō wedde hys dowzter dēre.

21. Pen þe emperöūr was gladde and blyþe,
And lette shāpe a röbe swyþe
Of þ[ylke] clöth of golde.
And when hyt her was dön upone,
Shē sēmed nön erþely wommon
That marked was of molde.
Then seyde þe emperöūr sö frē:

²¹⁸ doun R. 219 swythe R.] swyde. 223, 224 hert.... powzht] hert and all hys powzth Her to loue was yn browght. 226 So he. 241 pen was pe emp. 243 pylke] pat. 244 was don her.

'Dowyter, \bar{y} wyll wedde $\bar{p}\hat{e}$;

Thow art so fresh to be-holde.'

250 Then sayde pat wor $p\bar{y}$ under wede:

'Nay, God of heuen byt for-bede

Pat euer do so we sholde!

[72 b]

22. Zyf hyt be-tydde pat 3ê me wedde,
And wê shulde play tō-geder in bedde,
Bōthe wê wêre forlorne.
The worde shulde sprynge fer and wyde:
In all pe worlde, on euery syde,
Pe worde shulde bê [y-]borne.
Zê bên a lōrde of grêt[e] pryce;
Lōrde, lette neuer such sorow a-ryce,
Tāke God zōū [ay] be-forne!
That my fāder shulde wedde mē,
God forbēde pat ī hyt sē,
Pat wêred be crowne of phorne!

265 23. The emperoūr [hē] was ryght wrōthe,
And swōre [full] many a [mysty] ōthe
That dēēd shē shulde bē.
Hē lette māke a nōbell bōōt,
And dēde her pēr-yn, God wōte,

270 In pe rōbe of [ryche] blē.
Shē mōste hāue wyth her nō spéndyng,
Nōper mēte n[ōp]e[r] drynke,
But shate her yn-tō pe sē.
Nōw pe lādy dwelled pōre

275 Wyth-ōwte[n] anker ō[pe]r ōre,
And pat was grēt pytē.

24. Ther come a wynd, y under-stonde,
And blewe be boot [fer] fro be londe:
Of her bey lost be syght.
The emperour [he] hym be-bowght

280

²⁵¹ Nay syr. 253 hyt so. 261 ay $H.\ 263$ so se. 266 mygty H.] gret. 267 shulde she. 270 nobull ble.

That he hadde all myswrowht,

And was a sory knyste.

And as he stode yn studyynge,

He fell [a-]down in sowenynge,

To be erbe was he dyght.

Grete lordes stode ber-by

And toke [hym] up [full] hastyly,

And comforted hym ryght.

25. When hē of sownyng kouered was,
290 Sōre hē wepte and sayde: 'Alas,
For my dowhter dēre!
Alas, þat y was māde [a] man!
Wrecched kaytyf þat ī am!'
The tēres ronne by hys lēre.
295 Twrowght azeyn[es] Goddes lay
Tō her þat was sō trewe of fay.
Alas, why nēr shē hēre?'
The tēres lasshed ōūt of hys yzen:
The grēte lōrdes þat hyt syzen
300 Wepte and māde yll chēre.

26. Ther was no per old ne zynge
That kowpe stynte[n] of wepynge
For pat comely under kelle.
In-to shyp[p]es faste gann bey brynge
305
For to seke pat mayden zynge
Was fayr of flesh and fell.
They sowst her ouer-all yn be see
And myste not fynde pat lady fre;
Azeyn bey come full snell.
310
At be emperour now leue we,
And of be lady yn be see
T shall be gynne to tell.

²⁸⁷ hym H. || up R. || vn || full H. || pe emperour. 288 ryght H. || fayr & ryght. 293 i R. || i hyt. 306 pat was so fayr. 307 her sowyt. 310 now added in margin.

[73]

[IV.]

27. The lady fleted forb a-lone; To God of heuen she made her mone, And to hys moder also. 315 She was dryuen wyth wynde and rayn. Wyth stronge stormes her a-gayn Of be wäter blo. As y herd menstrelles syng yn sawe, Hows ne lond myzht she non knawe; 320 A-fērd shē was tō gō. Shē was sō dryuen frō wawe tō wawe. She hyd her hede and lay full lawe, For water she was woo.

325 28. Now bys lady dwelled bore A good seuen-nyzht and more, As hyt was Goddes wylle, Wyth carefull herte and svkvng sore: Such sorow was here zarked zore. 330 And euer lay she styll,

Shē was dryuen yn-tō a lond Thorow be grace of Goddes sond, That all byng may fulfylle. Shē was [at] sēē sō harde be-stadde,

For thurste and hunger almöst madde. 335 Wōō worth wederes yll!

29. Shē was dryuen in to a lond That hyzht Galys, y understond, That was a fayr countre. Pe kynges steward dwelled by-svde

340 In a kastell of mykell pryde;

³¹⁸ blo H. so blo. 319 haue herd. 320 knawe R. knowe. 324 full woo. After 331 That hyght Galys y vnberstond erased. 334 at H. on be. 335 hunger & thurste. 340 dwelled H. dw. ber.

Syr Kadōre hyght hē.

Euery day hē wolde gō

And tāke wyth hym a sqwyer or twō,

345

And play hym by þe sēē.

On a tyme hē tōke þe eyr

Wyth twō knyztes gōde and fayr;

The weder was lythe of lē.

30. A bōōt [þey] fō[ū]nd[e] by the brym

350 And a glysterend þyng þēr·yn,

Thēr-of þey hadde fērly.

They went forth [up-]on þe sónd

Tō þe bōōt, y understónd,

And fō[ū]nd[e] þat lādy.

355 Shē hadde sō lónge mētelēs bē

That hym þowht grēt dēle tō sē;

Shē was yn poyn[t] tō dye.

They askede her what was her nāme;

Shē hyt chaunged þēr a-nāne,

And [cald her] Egar[y]e.

31. Syr Kadōre hadde grēt pytē:

Hē tōke þe lādy of þe sēē,

And hōm [hē] gan he[r] lēde.

Shē hadde sō lónge mētelēs bē,

365 Shē was wax lēne as a trē,

That worþy under wēde.

In-tō hys castell when shē came,

In-tō a chawmber þey her namm,

And fayr þey gann her fēde

370 Wyth all delycyus mēte and drynke

That bey myzht[en] hem on þynke,

That was yn all þat stēde.

³⁴³ he wolde H.] wolde he. 349 þey founde H.] he fond. 354 founde þat H.] fond þer yn þat. 357 poynt R. 359 chaunged hyt. 360 cald her H.] sayde she hette. 362 toke H.] toke up.

32. When þat lädy fayr of face

Wyth mete and drynke keuered was

And had colour a-gayne,

Shē tawate hem to sewe and merke
All maner of sylky werke;

Of her þey wer full fayne.

Shē was curteys yn all þyng

Bothe to ólde and to synge,

I say sow for certeyne.

Shē kowape werke all maner þyng

That fell to emperour or to kyng,

Érle, barowne, or swayne.

[V.]

385 33. Syr Kadōre lette māke a fēste,

That was fay[e]r and honeste,

Wyth hys lōrde þe kynge.

Thēr was myche menstrals[ȳ]e,

Trommpes, tābōūrs, and sawtr[ȳ]e,

390 Bōthe harpe and fydellyng.

The lādȳ, þat was ǧentell and small,

In kurtell alōne serued yn hall

By-fōre þat nōbell kyng.

Pe clōth upone her shōne sō bryzht:

395 When shē was þēr yn y-dyzht

Shē sēmed nōn erþlȳ þyng.

34. The kyng [hē] lōked her up-one:
Sō fay[e]r hē sȳz neuer nōne;
Hys herte shē hadde yn wólde.

400 Hē was an-amored of þat syzht,
Of þe mēte nōn hē myzht,
But faste gan her be-hólde.
Shē was sō fay[e]r and [sō] ğent,

³⁷⁷ after sylky a letter erased. 397 he H. 398 fayer H. 398 f

The kynges loue on her was lent,

In tāle as hyt ys tólde.

And when pe mēte-whyle was dōne,

In-tō pe chāmber hē wente sōne,

And called hys baroūns bólde.

35. Fyrst hē calle[d] Syr Kadōre

410 And ōþer knyztes þat þēr wōre,

Hāstely come hym tyll.

Dūkes and érles wyse of lōre

Hāstely cōme þe kyng be-fōre

And askede what was hys wyll.

415 Then spakke þe ryche yn [a]ray,

Tō Syr Kadōre gan hē say

Wórdes fayr and stylle:

'Syr, when sys þat louely may

[73-b]

That yn þe halle serued þys day?

Tell mē, syf hyt bē þ\bar{y} wyll!'

36. Then sayde Kadōre: '\overline{\text{Y}} understonde,
 An érles dowzter of ferre londe,
 That sēmel\overline{\text{y}} ys tō sēne.
 \overline{\text{I}} sente after her certeynl\overline{\text{y}}e

425 Tō tēche m\overline{\text{y}} chylderen curte[y]s\overline{\text{y}}e,
 In ch\overline{\text{m}} ber hem wyth tō bēne.
 Shē ys be konnendest wommon
 I trowe pat bē yn Crystend\overline{\text{m}}n,
 Of werk that \overline{\text{y}} haue sēne.'

430 Then sayde pat r\overline{\text{y}}che [yn a]raye:

Then sayde þat ryche [yn a]raye:
'I wyll hāue þat fayr[e] may,
And wedde her tō my quēne.'

37. The nobell kyng [full] verament After hys moder [sone] he sent,

⁴⁰⁹ called R. 411 inserted in the margin. 415 aray H. 421 syr Kadore. 422 An H.] Hyt ys an. 426 hem wyth H.] wyth hem. 430 araye H. 434 sone H.

Tō wyte what she wolde say.

They browst[e] forth [full] hastely

That fayr[e] mayde[n] Egarye

Was brysht as someres day.

The clōth [up-]on her shōn sō bryght,

When shē was pēr-yn [y-]dyght,

Her-self a ğentell may.

The ólde qwēne sayde anōne:

T sawe neuer [any] wommon

Haluen-dēll sō gay.

445 **38.** The ólde qwēne spakke wórdes unhende And sayde: 'Sone, þys ys a fende In þys worþy wēde.

As þoū louest my blessynge,

Māke þoū neuer þys weddynge!

Cryst hyt þe for bede!'

Then spakke þe ryche [yn a]ray:
'Moder, y wyll haue þys may;'

And forth [he] gan her lede.

The ólde qwēne for certayne

455 Turnede wyth īre hōm a-gayne And nolde bē at þat dēde.

39. The kyng wedded pat lādy bryght,
Grēte puru[e]yance pēr was dyzht
In pat sēmely sale.
460 Grēte lōrdes wēr serued a-ryght,
Dūke [and] érle, barō[ū]n and knyzht,

Bōth of grēte and smale. Myche folke for sōbe ber wes, And bēr-tō an hūğe prese,

As hyt ys tólde in tāle.

Ther was all maner[e] byng

465

⁴³⁶ full *H*. 438 She was. 441 Her *H*.] And her. 443 any *H*. 446 fende *Sarrazin*] sende. 451 aray *H*. 453 he *H*. 456 nolde *H*.] wolde not. 461 and *H*.

That fell[e] tō a kynges weddyng, And mony a ryche menstrall.

40. When be mānǧerȳ was dōne,

470 Grēte lōrdes departed sōne,

That sēmely wēre tō sē.

The kynge be-lafte wyth be qwēne,

Moch[e] loue was hem be-twēne,

And alsō gāme and glē.

475 Shē was curteys and [full] swēte,

Such lādȳ herde ȳ neuer of zēte,

They loued wyth herte frē.

The lādȳ bat was mēke and mýlde,

[Shē] conceyued and wente wyth chýlde,

480 As God wolde hyt sholde bē.

[VI.]

41. The kyng of France, yn þat tyme Be-sette wyth many a Sarezyne And cumbered all in tene, After be kyng sente of Galys

485 And öþer lördes of myche prys, That semely were tö sene.

The kyng of Galys in þat tyde Gedered men on euery syde In armour bryght and shene.

490 Then sayde þe kyng tö Syr Kadöre And öþer lördes þat ther wöre:

'Take gööd hede tö my qwene!'

42. The kyng of Fraunce spāred nōne,
But sent[e] for hem euerychōne,
Bōth kyng [and] knyzhte and clerke.
The st[e]ward [hē] by-laft at hōme

⁴⁷⁵ full H. 476 such H.] such a. 477 both wyth. 478 both meke. 482 Besette H.] Was be sette. 484 After pe kyng sente H.] And sente after pe kyng. 495 and H. 496 he H.

Tō kēpe þe qwene whyte as fōme;
Hē cōm not at þat werke.
Shē wente wyth chýlde yn [þylke] place
500 As lónge as Goddes wyll[e] was,
That sēmely under serke,
Tḥyll þēr was borne of her body
A fay[e]r chýld and a gödely,
Hadde a dowbell kynges merke.

505 43. They crystened hyt wyth grete honour,
And hym called Segramoūr;
Frēly was þat föde.
Then þe steward Syr Kadöre,
A nöbell letter māde hē thöre,
And wrowzte hyt all wyth göde.
Hē wrowzte hyt yn [grēt] hyzynge,
And sente hyt to hys lörde þe kynge,
That gentell was of blöde.
The messenger forth gan [hē] wénde,
And wyth þe kynges möder lénde;
Yn-tō þe castell hē zöde.

44. Hē was resseyued rychely,
And shē hym askede hāstyly
Hōw the qwēne hadde spedde.

520 'Madame, pēr ys of her y-borne
A man-chýlde, y tell yōu be-forne,
And shē lyth yn her bedde.'
Shē hym yaf for pat tydynge
A rōbe and fow[e]rty shy[l]lynge,
And rychely hym cledde.
Shē māde hym dronken of āle and wyne,
And when shē sawe pat hyt was tyme,
Thō chāmber shē hym led[d]e.

⁵⁰² Thyll per was borne] borne stands after chyld in v. 503. 505 hyt crystened. 506 called hym. 511 gret H. 514 he H. 515 gan lende. 516 And yn. 521 A fayr. 523 zaf hym. 528 wolde hym.

45. And when hē was on slēpe browzt,

530 The qwēne, þat was of wykked þowzt,

Thō chāmber gan shē wénde.

Hys letter [þan] shē tōke hym frō,

In a fyre shē brente hyt þō,

Of werkes shē was unhénde.

535 Anōþer letter shē māde wyth euyll,

And sayde þe qwēne had born a deuyll,

Durste nō mon come her hénde.

Heddes thrē hē hadde thēre:

A lyōn, a dragon, and a bēēre,

A fowll [y-]feltred fēnde.

46. On be morn, when hyt was day,

The messenger wente on hys way,

Bōthe by stye and strete,

In tr[e]we $st\bar{o}r\bar{y}$ as \bar{y} say,

Tyll hē cōmẹ þēr as þe kyngẹ layẹ,
And spakẹ wórdes swētẹ.
Hē tōkẹ þe kyng þe letter yn hóndẹ,
And hē hyt reddẹ, ȳ under-stóndẹ,
The tērẹs downe gan hē lētẹ.

550 And as hē stōde yn [hys] rēdyng,
Downe hē fell yn sowenyng,
For sorow hys herte gan blēde.

47. Grēte lördes, þat stöde hym by,
Töke up þe kyng [full] hāstely,
555
In herte hē was wöö.
Söre hē grette and sayde: 'Alas,
That euer y man [y-]bör[e]n was!
That euer hyt shullde bē sö!
Alas, þat y was māde a kynge,
And wedded syth þe fayrest þyng

⁵²⁹ he R.] she. 538 Thre heddes hadde he. 540 y-feltred H. 550 hys H. 554 full H. 555 full woo. 557 y euer. 558 That hyt euer so shullde be. 560 wedded syth H.] sygh wedded.

That on érbe myght gō!
That euer Jēsus self wolde sénde
Such a fowle [and] lōbly fende
Tō come by-twēne us twō!

[VII.]

565 48. When hē sawe hyt myst nö better be,
An-ōper letter māde hē,
And sēled hyt wyth hys sēle.
Hē commanded yn all þynge
Tō kēpe well þat lādy synge,

Tyll shē hadde her hēle,
Bōthe gōde men and ylle,
Her tō serue[n] at her wylle,
Bōthe yn wō and wēle.
Hē tōke þys letter of hys hónde

And rōde þorōw þe sāme lónde,
By þe kynges mōder castell.

49. And þen hē dwelled þēr all nyʒt;

Hē was resseyued and rȳchelȳ dyʒt,

And wyste of nō tresō[ū]n.

580 Hē mādé hym well at ēse a-fȳne,

Bōthe of brēde, āle and wȳne,

Pat rafte hym hys rēsō[ū]n.

When hē was on slēpe [y-]browʒt,

The false qwēne hys letter sowʒte,

In fȳre shē kaste hyt dow̄ne.

An-ōper letter shē lette māke:

That men sholde þe lādȳ tāke,

And lēde her ōut of tow̄ne,

50. And putte[n] her yn tō þe sēē
590 In þat rōbe of ryche blē,

⁵⁶² Jhu hym self. 563 and H. 564 two 1 too. 566 pen made. 572 To serue her. 580 and fyne. 582 And pat be rafte. 585 In H.] In to pe. 589 putten H.

[74 b]

The lytell chylde her wyth;

And lette her hāue nō spéndyng,

For nō mēte ne for drynke,

But lēde her of þat kyth;

'Upon payn of chylde and wyfe

And also upone zōūr owene lyfe

Let her hāue nō gryth!'

The messenǧēr [hē] knewe nō gyle,

But rōde hōm [full] mony a myle,

600

By forest and by fryth.

The steward tōke þe letter sōne,
And by-gan tō rēde.
Sōre hē syght and sayde: 'Alas!

Sertes þys ys a [wykked] cāse,
And a dē[l]full dēde!'
And as hē stōde yn [hys] rēdyng,
Hē fell [a-]dōwne yn sōw[e]nynge,
For sorow hys hert gan blēde.

Thēr was nōþer ólde ne zynge
That myzte for-bēre[n] of wēpynge,
For þat worby under wēde.

52. The lādy herde grēt dēle yn halle,
On the steward gan shē calle
615 And sayde: 'What may bys bē?
Zyf any þyng [þēr] bē a-mys,
Tell[e] mē what bat hyt ys,
And lette not for mē!'
Then sayde þe steward verament:
'Lō, hēr a letter my lōrd hath sente,
And þēr-fōre wōō ys mē!'
Shē tōke þe letter and gan tō rēde,

⁵⁹⁴ out of \parallel kyth R.] kygh. 597 gryth R.] gryght. 598 he H. 600 fryth R.] fryght. 605 wykked H.] fowle. 607 hys H. 608 swonynge. 622 by gan.

Then fonde she wreten all be dode. She moste yn-to be see.

Lette syche [heuy] mornynge bene!

For më haue bou no kare!

Loke bou be not [y-]shente,

But do my lordes commaundement!

God for-bede bou spare!

For he weddede so porely

On me, a sympell le[ue]dy,

He ys a-shamed sare.

Grete well my lord fro me!

So gentell of blode yn Crystyante

Gete he neuer mare.'

54. Then was ber sorow and myche woo, When he[r] lādy to shype shulde go, They wepte and wronge her honde.
640 The lādy þat was mēke and mýlde, In her arme shē bar her chýlde And toke lēue of þe londe. When shē wente yn-to þe sēē In þat robe of ryche blē,
645 Men sowened on þe sónde;
Sore þey wepte and sayde: 'Alas, Certes þys ys a wykked kāse! Wo worth dēdes wronge!'

55. The lādy and pe lytell chýlde
650 Forth flēted on pe wāter wýlde
Wyth full harde happes.
Her surkote pat was large and wyde,
Thēr-wyth her vysāge shē gan hyde,

⁶²⁴ She H.] How she. 625 pan H. 626 heuy H. 632 lady.
635 blode R.] blolde. 638 her H.] pe. 639 honde R. [hondes.
650 Forth fleted H.] Fleted forth.

Wyth pe hynder-lappes.

Shē was a-fēr[e]de of pe sēē

And layde her grūf upone a trē,

The chýlde [un]tō her pappes.

The wowes pat wēre grēte and strong,
On pe bōte [full] faste pey p[r]ónge

Wyth mony unsēmely rappes.

56. And when be chýld [by-]gan tō wēpe, Wyth sōry hert shē sónge hyt a-slēpe And putte be pappe yn hys mowth. And sayde: 'Myzht y ōnes gēte lónd
665 Of be wāter bat ys sō strónge, By nór[t]he or by sowthe: Wele owht y be tō warye, sēe, I hāue myche shāme yn thē.' And euer shē lay on growf.
670 Then shē māde her prayēr Tō Jēsus and hys moder dēre In all[e] þat shē kowþe.

[VIII.]

A full seuene-nyght and möre,

As hyt was Goddes wylle,

Wyth kärefull herte and sykyng söre;

Such sorow was her zarked zöre,

And [euer] she lay full stylle.

She was dryuen toward Rome

680 Thorow be grace of God yn trone,

That all byng may fulfylle.

[At] see she was so hard be-stadde,

For thurste and hunger all-most madde;

Wo worth chawnses ylle!

657 un H. 659 full H. \parallel thronge R. 666 northe R.] no he or norhe, partly erased and altered. 667 y be H.] y to warye be. 669 on growf H.] and growht. 671 jhu. 682 At H.] On be. 683 hunger and thurste.

[75]

685 **58.** A marchaunte dwelled yn hat cyte,

A ryche mon of gólde and fee,

Jurdan was hys name.

Eeuery [mornyng] wolde he

Gō tō playe hym by he see,

690

The eyer for tō tane.

Hē wente forth yn h[ylke] tyde,

Walkende by he [wāter-]syde,

All hym-selfe alāne.

A bōte hē fónde [hēr] by he brymme,

695

And a fayr lādy thēr-ynne,

59. The cloth [up-]on her shon so bryht, He was a-fer[e]de of pat syght, For glysteryng of bat wede.

That was ryght wo-bygane.

700 And yn hys herte he bowsht [a-]ryght
That she was none érpely wyght;
Sawe neuer non shuch yn leede.
He sayde: 'What hette ze, fayr ladye?'
'Lord, y hette Egarye,

705 That lỹe hēr yn drēde.'
Up hē tōke þat fayre lādye
And þe zynge chýlde her by,
And hōm hē gan hem lēde.

60. When hē cōmẹ tō hys byggynge,
710 Hē welcomẹd fayr þat lādy ʒynge
That was fayr and bryght;
And badde hys wyf yn all[e] þyng
Mēte and drynke for tō brynge
Tō þe lādy ryght.
715 'What bat [euer] shē wyll crāue,

715 'What pat [euer] shë wyll craue, And her mowth hyt wyll[e] haue,

⁶⁸⁸ mornyng *H.*] day. 690 tame. 691 þylke] þat. 692 water] see. 694 þer *H.* 704 Lord *H.*] Lord she sayde. 715 euer *H.* 716 wyll hyt.

Lōkẹ hyt bē rēdy dyght!
Shē hath sō lónge mētelēs bē
That me þynketh grētṭe pytē.
720 Conforte her, zyf þōū myght!

61. Now pe lādy dwelle thēr;

Wyth alle mēte[s] pat gōde wēre

Shē hadde at her wylle.

Shē was curteys yn all þyng

725 Bōthe tō ólde and tō zynge,

Her loued bōthe gōde and ylle.

[Segramoūr] by-gan tō þryfe,

Hē wax pe fayrest chýld on lyfe,

Whyte as flōār on hylle.

730 And shē sewed sylke-werk yn bōār,

And tawzte her sone nor[i]tōwre;

But euer shē mórnede stylle.

62. When be chýlde was seuen zēr ólde,
Hē was bōthe wỹse and bólde,
Wēle māde of flesh and bōne.
Hē was worby under wēde,
And ryght well kowpe pryke a stēde;
Sō curtays chýlde was nōne.
All men louede Segramowre,
All men louede Segramowre,
Whēre-euer hē gan gōne.
Lēue wē pe lādy clēre of výce,
And spēke of pe kyng of Galys,
Frō pe sēge when hē cōme hōme.

[IX.]

745 **63.** Now pe sēğe bröken ys, The kyng come home [un-]to Galys

⁷²⁷ Segramour] the chylde \parallel for to. 730 shewed. 735 And wele. 738 a chylde. 741 where H.] where so. 742 be H.] at be.

Wyth mykell myrthe and pryde.

Dūkes and érles of ryche asyce,
Barō[ū]nes and kny3tes of mykell pryse.

Tō0 Cōme rydende be hys syde.

Syr Kadōre hys steward þanne.

A-zeyn hym rōde wyth mony a man,

As faste as hē myght ryde.

Hē tólde þe kyng [of] aventowres,

Of hys halles and hys bowres,

And of hys lóndes wyde.

64. The kyng [hē] sayde: 'By Goddes name,
Syr Kadōre, þōū art tō blāme
For þỹ fyrst tellynge.

760 Tólde thōw sholdest fyrst haue me
Of mỹ lādỹ Egarē,
I loue mōst of all þyng.'
Then was þe stewardes herte wō,
And sayde: 'Lōrde, whỹ say [ʒē] sō?
Ār[e ʒē nō] trewe kynge?
Lō hēr þe letter ʒē sente mē,
Zōwr ōwene self þe sōbe may sē,

I haue don gour byddynge.

[75 b]

65. The kyng þe letter töke tö rēde,
770 And when hē sawe þat ylke dēde,
 Hē wax all pāle and wanne.
 Söre hē grette and sayde: 'Alas,
 That euer [on érbe] born ȳ was,
 Or euer māde was manne!
775 Syr Kadöre, sō mōte ȳ thē,
 Thys letter neuer cōme frō mē,
 T telle pē hēr a-nāne.'
 Böthe þey wepte and yaf hem ylle;

⁷⁵⁷ he H. 760 Tolde thow H.] Thow sh. fyrst have tolde. 764 say] sayst pou. 765 Art not pou a. 769 toke pe letter. 774 was made. 776 come neuer.

'Alas!' hē sayde, 'Sa[u]f Goddes wylle! 780 And bōth þe[y] sowened þan.

66. Grēte lördes stöde by,

And töke [hym] up [full] hāstyly,

Of hym was grēte pytē.

And when þey böth[e] keuered wēre

785 The kyng hym töke þe letter þer

Of þe heddes þrē;

ʿĀ lörd', hē sayde, 'be Goddes grāce,

I sawe þys letter neuer in plāce.

Alas! hōw may þys bē?'

790 After þe messenger þey sente,

The kyng askede what way hē went;

ʿLōr[d], be zōūr möder frē.'

[X.]

805 **68.** When she was fled ouer be fome, The nobell kyng dwelled at homm Wyth full heuy chere;

⁷⁸⁰ they R.] pe. 782 hym up full H.] up pe kyng. 783 hem. 785 toke hym. 788 pys letter neuer H.] neuer pys letter. 790 per pey. 792 Lord R. 794 she H.] my moder. 797 any oper. 801 be refe. 803 by rafte. 804 towne & annulled before towre. 805 see fome.

Wyth karefull hert and drery mone
Sykynges made he many on

810

For Egarye be clere:
And when he chylderen sawe hem play
He wepte and sayde: Well-a-wey
For my sone so dere!

Such lyf he lyued mony a day,

That no mon hym stynte may,
Fully seuen zere;

69. Tyll a thought yn hys herte come,
How hys lâdy, whyte as fome,
Was drowned for hys sāke;

Thorow pe grace of God yn trône
I wyll to pe pope of Rome,
My penans for to tāke.'
He lette ordeyne shy[p]pes fele,
And fylled hem full of worþys wele,
Hys men mery to māke.
Doles he lette dyzht and dele,
For to wynnen hym sowles hele;
To shyp he toke pe gate.

70. Shypmen þat wēr sö mykell of prýce
830 Dyght her takell on ryche a-cyse,

That was fayr and frē;

They drows up sayl and leyd out ore,

The wynde stode as her lustles wore,

The weber was lype on lē.

835 They sayled ouer pe salte fome,

Thorow pe grāce of God in trone,

That most ys of powstē.

To bat cyte when be[y] come,

⁸¹¹ chylderen sawe hem H. sawe chylderen. 825 to H. wyth to \parallel be annulled after to. 828 To be shyp. 838 they R.

At þe burğeys hōūs hys yn hē nōme 840 Thēr as woned Emarē.

71. Emarē called he[r] sone

Hāstely to here [to] come

Wyth-owte ony lettynge,

And sayde: 'My dēre sone so frē,

Do a lytell after mē,

Poū sha[l]t hāue my blessynge.

To-morowe poū shalt serue yn halle

In a kurtell of ryche palle

By-fore bys nobell kyng.

Lōke, sone, sō curtays [þat] þōū bē, That nō mon fýnde chalange tō þē In nō manēre þyng.

72. When þe kyng ys serued of spycerye, Knele þou downe hastylye, [76]

And tāke hys hónd yn thỹn;
And when þoū hast sō [y-]dōne,
Tāke þe kuppe of gólde sōne,
And serue hym of þe wÿne;
And what þat hē speketh tō þē,
Cum a-nōne and tell [hyt] mē,

Cum a-nōne and tell [hyt] mē,
On Goddes blessyng and mȳne!'
The chýlde [hē] wente yn-tō þe hall
Amóng þe lördes grēte and small,
Wēr lufsumme under lȳne.

Wesh and wente to her mete,

Men[s]trelles browzt yn þe kowrs;

The chýlde hem serued so curteysly,

All hym loued þat hym sy,

870

And spāke hym grēt honowres.

839 After this line v. 837 has been repeated, and annulled. 840 Emarye. 841 her R. 846 And pou || shalt R. 847 shall. 862 he H. 864 That lufsumme wer. 867 Menstrelles R.

Then sayde all bat loked hym upon,
Sö curteys sawe bey neuer nong
In halle[s] ne yn bowres.
The kyng [he] sayde to hym yn game:
'Swete sone, what ys by name?
'Lorde, y hyzht Segramowres.'

74. Then þat [ylke] nöbell kyng
Töke up a [heuy and] grēte sykynge,
For hys sone hyght sö;
880 Certes wyth-öwten [any] lesynge
The tēres öut of hys yen gan wryng,
In herte hē was full wöö;
Neuer-þe-lēse hē lette [hyt] bē,
And löked on þe chýlde sö frē,
And mykell hē louede hym þöö.
The kyng sayde tō þe burgeys söne:
'Swēte syr, ys þys þy sone?'
The burgeys sayde: 'Zöö.'

875

75. Then be lordes but wer grete

890 Whesshen a-zeyn [hem] after mete,

And ben com spycerye;

The chyld but was of chere swete,

On hys kne [a-]downe he sete,

And serued hym curteyslye.

895 The kynge be burgeys called hym tyll,

And sayde: 'Syr, [3]yf hyt be by wyll,

Zyf me bys [sma]ll body.

I shall hym make lorde of towr[s],

Of hye halles and of bowre[s],

900 I loue hym specyally.'

872 curteys H.] c. a chyld. 873 halles H. 876 Lorde he seyd y hygth. 878 heuy and H. 886 sone H.] a none. 890 hem H. 895 pe b. called H.] called pe b. 897 small H.] lytyll followed by chylde annulled. 898 towrs H. town & towr. 899 bowres H.

76. When he had serued be kyng at wylle,
Fayr he wente hys moder tyll,
And telles her how hyt ys.
'Sone, when he shall to chamber wende,
Take hys hond at be grece ende,
He ys by fader y-wysse—
And byd hym speke wyth Emare,
That changed her name to Egare
In be londe of Galys.'

The chylde [hym] wente azeyn to halle
A-monge be grete lordes alle,
And serued on ryche a-syse.

77. When bey wer well at ese a-fyne,
Bothe of brede, ale and wyne,
915
They rose up more and myn.
To chamber when be kyng shulde wende,
He toke hys hond at be grece ende,
And fayre he helpe[d] hym yn,
And sayde: 'Syr, yf zour wyll[e] be,
920
Take me zour honde and go wyth me,
For y am of zowr kynne;
Ze shall come speke wyth Emare,
That chaunged her name to Egare,
That berep be whyte chynne.'

925 **78.** The kyng yn herte was full wōō,
When he herd[e] mynge þō
Of her þat was hys qwēne,
And sayde: 'Sone, why sayst þōū sō?
Why mē umbraydest of my wō?

That may neuer bēne.'
Neuerþelēs wyth hym hē wente,

⁹⁰⁴ Soone. 905 grete. 906 For he. 907 come speke. 910 hym H. 916 To chamber . . . shulde H.] When be k. shulde to chamber. 917 grete. 918 helped H. 929 Why me umbraydest H.] wherto u. bou me.

[76 b]

A-zeyn hem come be lady gent
In be robe bryght and shene.
He toke her yn hys armes two.

935 For joye bey sowened both e tho.
Such loue was hem by-twene.

79. A joyfull mētyng was þēr þöre,
Pat lädÿ göödlÿ under gore
Frēlÿ in armes tō fólde.

940 Lörde! [ryʒt] gladde was Syr Kadöre,
And öþer lördes þat þēr wöre
Sēmelÿ tō be-hólde,
Of [her] þat was put yn þe sēē,
Thọrow grāce of God in trinitē,

845 Keuered of cāres cólde.
Lēue wē þe lādÿ whÿte as flöūr,
And spēke wē of þe emperöūr,
That fyrste þe tāle of tólde!

[XI.]

950 Was [y-]woxen an ólde man,
And thowst [up-]on hys synne,
Of hys dowster Emare,
That was putte yn-to be see,
That was so bryght of skynne.

955 He bowst[e] that he wolde go
For hys penance the pope to,
And heuen for to wynne,
Messengeres he sente forth sone,
And bey come to be kowrt of Rome

960 To take her lordes inne.

⁹³⁸ of pat. 943 of pe lady \parallel was R. \rfloor wat. 945 pat was keuered. 946 pe H. \rfloor at pe. 947 of her fader pe. 948 y tolde. 950 was R. \rfloor wax. 956 the pope to H. \rfloor to the pope po.

**Syr, a-byde her lord be kyng:

'Syr, a-byde bat lordes komyng

That ys so fayr and frē;

And, swēte syr, yn all[e] byng

965

Aqweynte [bē] wyth bat lordyng:

Hyt ys worshyp to bē.'

The kyng of Galys seyde ban:

'So grēte a lord[yng] ys bēr nān

In all Crystyantē.'

'Now, swēte syr, what euer be-tyde,

Azayn bat grēte lord [boū] ryde,

And all by knyztes wyth bē!'

82. Emarē tḥawīte her sone īynge
A-zeyn be emperoūr komynge

975 How bat hē sholde done.

'Swēte sone, yn all[e] byng
Bē rēdy wyth my lord be kyng,
And bē my swēte sone;
When be emperoūr by fāder frē

980 Kysseth, loke zyf hē wyll thē,
A-bowe bē to hym sone,
And bydde hym spēke wyth Emarē
That was putte yn-to be sēē!
Hym-self [hē] zaf be dome.'

985 **83.** Now kometh be emperoūr of pryse,
A-zeyn hym rode be kyng of Galys
Wyth full mykell pryde.
The chýld was worby under wede,
A[nd] satte upon a nobell stede,
By hys fader syde;
And when he mette be emperoūr,

⁹⁶⁵ be] you. 968 nan R.] non. 971 bou] ye. 979 sq. altered by H.; the MS. reads When be emp. kysseth by fader so fre Loke yyf he wyll kysse the. 982 come speke. 984 he H. 989 And R.

He uāled hys hōde wyth gret honour,
And kyssed hym yn hat tyde;
And ōher lōrdes of gret ualowre

They alsō kyssed Segramowre;
In herte ys not tō hyde.

84. The emperour anamored [hym] gretlye Of be chylde bat rode hym by Wyth so louely chere.

1000 Segramowre he say[s]de hys stede.

Hys owene fāder tōke gōōd hēde,
And lōrdes þat þër were.
The chýlde spake tō þe emperōūr
And sayde: 'Lōrd, for þŷn honōūr
Mỹ wórde þat þōū wyll hēre;

[Pōu] shalt come speke wyth Emare,
That chânged her năme tō Egare,
That was þy dowster dēre.

S5. 'Sỹr, and [þōū] wyll gō wyth me,

1010 I shall þē brynge þat lādy frē

Ys louesom on tō lōke.'

The emperoūr sayde and wax all pāle:

'Sone, why umbraydest mē of bāle,

And þōū may sē nō bōte?'

1015 Neuer-þe-lesse wyth hym hē wente,

A-zeyn hym come hat lady gent
Walkende on her fote;
And be emperour a-lyste bo
And toke her yn hys armes two

And clypte and kyssed her sote.

86. Ther was a [right] joyfull metynge Of be emperour and of be kynge,

⁹⁹⁷ emperours hert. 1000 saysde H. 1002 And ober. 1006 ze shull. 1009—11 follow 1012—14. 1009 bou] ze. 1010 brynge M.] brynge wyth. 1011 bat ys. 1012 sq. altered by H.; the MS. reads The emp. wax all pale And sayde sone. 1021 right H. Gough, Emare.

1035

And also of Emarë;
And sō pēr was of Segramōūr

1025 That after[ward] was emperōūr,
A full gōde man was hē.
A [gōdlȳ] fēste pēr was hólde
Of érles and barō[ū]nes bólde,
As telleth þys stōrȳ.

1030 Thys ys ōn of Brytayne layes
That was ūsed bȳ ólde dayes,
Men call [h]yt þe [E]garȳe.

Jēsu þat syttes yn þỹ trōne, Sō graunte us wyth þē tō wone In perpetuall glōrÿe!

Amen.

Explicit Emare.

1024 syr egramour. 1027 godly H.] grette. 1029 telleth H.] testymonyeth. 1032 call hyt] callys playn || Egarye Suchier. 1033 Jhu || syttes H.] settes. 1034 wone R.] wene. 1035 In by.

Notes.

V. 3. dele and dyghte = judge and govern, as in v. 42. In v. 826 dyzt and dele = administer and apportion (alms).

V. 13 sqq. This seems to indicate the author's calling.

V. 23. $Emar\bar{e} = 0$. Fr. esmarie: the bewildered, distressed woman.

V. 33. whales bane: walrus ivory. A frequent comparison.

V. 34. Erayne possibly = Irene.

V. 40. The uninflected pl. *pyng*, which occurs nine times in formulæ, viz. vv. 40, 64, 75, 568, 712, 724, 762, 964, 976, is a survival of the O. E. pl. *ping*, and is found as late as Chaucer (*Legend*, 11). Cf. *New Engl. Dict.* s. v. all.

Vv. 70 sq. $l\bar{e}ue$ at = $l\bar{e}ue$ be story at ??. Cf. vv. 310, 742, 946. Or there may be a confusion with 'take leve at', for

which cf. Sir Perc. 178 sq. (quoted in note on v. 415).

Vv. 79-187. The visit of a foreign prince, and his gift of the cloth form the only incident peculiar to *Emare*, although the magic robe occurs in several other versions of the tale e.g. La belle Helene, Mai und Beaflor, Enikel's Chronicle &c... Cf. my diss. on *Emare*, pp. 37-39.

V. 84. as the hénde: like a very gracious man.

Vv. 94, 142. crapawtes: the toad-stone, Fr. crapaudine, which was supposed to be found in the heads of toads, and to possess magic qualities.

nakette. This word, hitherto unexplained, possibly represents, as Dr. Jas. Murray suggests, achate or acate (agate), with n from an.

V. 103. on $h\bar{y}e$: in haste.

V. 109. The amerayle dowster of hepennes. Cf. vv. 158, 576, 974. An uninflected gen. is common in M. E. with titles, especially, as here, with composite titles. Cf. Paul's Grundriß I, 2nd ed. 1899, p. 1086.

V. 115. as the story telleh in honde. Cp. mod. Engl. 'the

story in hand'.

V. 122. For Amadas and Idoyne cp. Gaston Paris in

An English Miscellany, Oxford 1901.

Vv. .125, 149. trewe-loue-flour. The herb-paris or oneberry was used as a love-charm. In Sir Gawayne 608 sqq. it is embroidered, as a symbol, on an article of dress.

Vv. 151 sq. As Prof. Holthausen suggests, the imperfect rime, and the mention of 'knights and senators', who are out of place in this connection, make it probable that v. 151 is corrupt. Perhaps it contained the names of some rare stones.

V. 157. For the pleonastic use of oon cf. Mätzner's Wörterbuch s. v. an, ane (1878, p. 78).

V. 158. Read Babylone (Morsbach).

V. 163 sq. The unicorn is said in the *Physiologus* to become tame in the presence of a virgin. Cf. *Anglia* VII, 456, and *Engl. Stud.* XIV, 198.

V. 201. chare = car, not 'chair'.

V. 211 sq. on her föte . . . kyssed her swöte. The MS. has here fete . . . swete, but in vv. 1017, 1020 on her föte, kyssed her söte, riming with löke. The pl. obl. föte(n) = O. E. fötum, survives in M. E. after at, on, to. Cf. Zupitza's note on Guy of Warw. (15th cent. vers., E. E. T. S.) v. 598. Swöte, söte is the adverbial form of swēte.

V. 221. sēte. This form of the pret. sg. of sitten is due to the influence of the pret. pl. sēten.

V. 223 sq. The original is restored by comparing Amis and Amiloun (ed. Kölbing) 571 sq.

Sir knizt, on \$\bar{p}\bar{e}\$ m\bar{n}e hert is brouzt, \$\Dar{e}\$ t\bar{o}\$ loue is al \$m\bar{i}\$ \$\bar{p}\ougstruggers{o}\ou

V. 270. rōbe of [rÿche] blē. The repetition of nōbull in the MS. is awkward. The true epithet is restored from vv. 590, 644.

V. 273. shate is pret. indic. of sheten, shoten in the sense of 'thrust, drive'.

V. 329. Cf. v. 677. The meaning seems to be, 'such sorrow had been prepared for her from of old, in God's providence'. Cf. v. 332.

V. 338. Galys is held to be Wales by Warton (Hist. Engl. Poetry, ed. 1840, III, p. 123). Suchier maintains (Paul u. Braune's Beiträge, IV, 517 and n.), probably rightly, that it is Galicia in Spain. He remarks that it cannot be Wales, because the word is oxytone. (It is however twice paroxytone in the middle of a line, viz. 487, 967.) From the language here used, Galys seems to be a comparatively unknown land. Also, if Wales were meant, one would expect the more usual English spelling Walys. Cf. note in my diss. p. 31 sq.

Vv. 349 sq. As in about 32 stanzas of *Emare* the 1st, 2nd, 4th and 5th lines rime together, Wilda (p. 27) suggests that these stanzas may preserve the original rime-scheme of the whole, poem. Cf. my diss. p. 12 sqq. Possibly this stanza may be restored by reading

'By the brym a boot he fand, Per-yn a byng [all] glysterand',

and in vv. 352,3 'sand', 'understand'. If this is so, a scribe altered the passage to get rid of the archaism glysterand. Similarly the original may have had, in v. 77 'wyddwe[h]ōde', in v. 314 'mayn' and in v. 665 '[dēpe]'.

V. 415. For ryche yn [a]ray. In vv. 430 and 451 the Ms has ryche ray[e]. All three lines as they stand in the Ms are metrically defective. Ray is a kind of striped cloth, O Fr drap de ray (radius). So Piers Plow. B. V. 211 ryche rayes. If the is the word, such formulæ as lufsumme under lyne v. -64, good by under göre v. 938, &c., may be compared. Another word ray prince (O. Fr. rei), unnoticed by Stratmann-Bradley, occurs in Ser Perc. 178 sq., Schō tūke hir lēve and went hir waye, Botho at barōne and at raye, and Anturs of Arther XIV, Quen, thou art ray rīchest. Riche rei is an O. Fr. formula. The scribe may bave been misled by one of these words.

V. 479. For [She] conceyued read with M. Conceyued[e].

V. 506. For the name Segramour cf. diss. p. 33.

V. 605. The word wykked is restored from v. 647.

V. 639. h'onde: an uninflected pl. = O. E. honda. It occurs as late as Chaucer (C. T. B. 606).

V. 669. $sh\bar{e}\ lay\ on\ growf$. Cf. v. 656. This emendation of Prof. Holthausen's improves both the rime and the sense. The scribe intended the impossible form 'growht' to be the pret. of grucchen: grudge, murmur. $L\bar{y}e\ on\ growf=0$. N. $liggin\ a$ grufu, to lie on one's face. For the assonance mowth: growf cf. stanza 19 $sw\bar{y}\bar{p}e: l\bar{y}fe: s\bar{y}\bar{p}e: w\bar{y}fe$.

V. 689. The author seems to have imagined that Rome was by the sea. In Mai und Beaflor, La Manekine, and Enikel's Chronicle, which belong to an allied group, the boat drifts mira-

culously up the Tiber.

V. 799. tōke hem be-twēne: interceded.

V. 822. The exposure of the king's wife and child, for which he was in no way responsible, is not a sufficient motive for his penance. We learn from Trivet and other versions that the sin for which he sought absolution was his harsh treatment of his mother.

V. 824. For worpys (MS. wordes) wele read wor[l]des wele (Skeat).

V. 876. Segramowres. This French. nom. sg. form may have been taken from the assumed French original.

V. 929. Cf. v. 1013.

Vv. 1009-1014. The transposition of the lines in the MS.

is obviously demanded by the sense.

V. 1032. Ritson (Anc. Engl. Rom. III, p. 332 sq.) explains the MS. reading as 'playing' (i. e. reciting to music) 'the garye', referring to the Cornish word guary, a drama. Suchier Beaumanoir I. p. XIV) has undoubtedly given the right reading 'fe Egarye', i. e. the name of the French poem was L'Egaree.

Glossary.

a-fun adv. to satisfy; well at ese a. satisfied, 580, 915. a-syse s. fashion, pomp, state, 748, 830, 912. be-lēuen v. to remain; pret. *be-lafte, 472, 496. chalange s. fynde c. to find fault with, 851. crapawte s. toad-stone, 94, 142. dē[l]full adj. doleful, 606. [y-]feltred p. p. felted, having matted hair, shaggy, 540. grēce s. stairs, 905, 917. [O. Fr. gres, pl.] gruf, on growf adv. groveling, face downwards, 656, 669. [O. N. á grúfu]. *haluen-dell adv. by half, 444. kassydoyne s. chalcedony, 128. [O. Fr. cassidoine.] kelle s. caul, kerchief, 303. [O. Fr. cale.] lent p. p. 404. Either from lenen [O. E. hlionian], lean, incline, or lēnen [O. E. lænan] lend, bestow. lēte v. to shed (tears), 549. lyne s. linen, 864. marke, merke v. to fashion, form, 246, to embroider, 376, 504. **mēte-whyle* s. meal, 229, 406. *nakette s. agate (?), 94, 142. perudot s. chrysolite, 155. sónde s. dispensation, providence, 332. sylke-werke s. embroidery, 730, (sylky-w. 377). trē s. beam, thwart, 656. *trewe-loue-flour s. herb-paris (used as a love-charm), 125, 149. *umbrayden v. to upbraid, 929, 1013. *vālen v. to lower, let down, 992. [O. Fr. avaler.] wryng v. neut. to start (of tears), 881.

List of Proper and Geographical Names.

Abrō f. 57, 61, 199. Amadas m. 122. Artyus¹ m. Arthur. 27, 37. Babylone 158.

¹ Cf. Branscheid in Anglia, Anzeiger VIII, p. 221 f.

Blawncheflöur f. 146.

Brytayne adj. Breton. 1030.

Cysyle Sicily. 80, 106, 181.

Cryst m. 450.

Egarē f. 761, 908, 923, 1007; Egarīje 360, 437, 704, 810, 1932.

Emarē f. 23, 47, 841, 907, 922, 952, 961, 973, 982, 1006, 1023. Emarye 840.

Erayne f. 34.

Flōrys m. 146.

Fra(u)nce 481, 493.

Galys Galicia. 338, 484, 487, 743, 746, 909, 967, 986. See note on v. 338.)

Idoyne f. 122.

Isowde f. Iseult. 134.

Jēsu m. 1, 562, 671, 1033.

Jurdan m. 687.

Kadōre m. 342, 361, 385, 409, 416, 421, 490, 508, 751, 758, 775, 940.

Māry f. 7.

Rome 233, 238, 679, 821, 959.

Sarezyne Saracen. 482.

Segramowre(s) m. 739, 876, 995, 1000; Segramour 506, 1024.

Tergaunte m. 85.

Tristram m. 134.





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